



**Proves d'accés a cicles formatius de grau mitjà de formació professional inicial,  
d'ensenyaments d'arts plàstiques i disseny, i d'ensenyaments esportius 2013**

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## **Competència en llengua estrangera: anglès Sèrie 2**

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**SOLUCIONS,  
CRITERIS DE CORRECCIÓ  
I PUNTUACIÓ**

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La solució correcta està destacada en lletra negreta.

1. Llegiu el text següent i encercleu la resposta correcta.

[4 punts: 0,4 punts per cada resposta correcta]

When I was little we lived in a small house \_\_\_\_ (0) \_\_\_\_ the forest. My parents seldom left the house because they worked at home. \_\_\_\_ (1) \_\_\_\_ were translators and they had their office in the living room. We didn't go to school \_\_\_\_ (2) \_\_\_\_ . A private teacher came to teach us \_\_\_\_ (3) \_\_\_\_ to write, read and do maths. \_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_, we had \_\_\_\_ (5) \_\_\_\_ friends. We always invited our neighbours \_\_\_\_ (6) \_\_\_\_ in our garden because it was bigger than the other gardens. Ten years later we moved to the city and we have lived here \_\_\_\_ (7) \_\_\_\_ then but my sisters would like to \_\_\_\_ (8) \_\_\_\_ to our old house. We are taking a train to the house \_\_\_\_ (9) \_\_\_\_ we lived and we are really looking forward to it. We know the house is still there but perhaps the place \_\_\_\_ (10) \_\_\_\_ as beautiful as we remember or maybe there'll be new houses in the forest. I just hope we won't get too sad.

Exemple:

- |                           |                         |                       |                               |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| 0. <i>a)</i> next         | <i>b)</i> on            | <b><i>c)</i> near</b> | <i>d)</i> over                |
| 1. <i>a)</i> The both     | <i>b)</i> Both two      | <i>c)</i> The two     | <b><i>d)</i> Both of them</b> |
| 2. <i>a)</i> neither      | <b><i>b)</i> either</b> | <i>c)</i> too         | <i>d)</i> as well             |
| 3. <i>a)</i> what         | <i>b)</i> why           | <i>c)</i> where       | <b><i>d)</i> how</b>          |
| 4. <i>a)</i> However      | <i>b)</i> Although      | <i>c)</i> But         | <i>d)</i> So                  |
| 5. <i>a)</i> much         | <i>b)</i> a lots of     | <i>c)</i> lots of     | <i>d)</i> a lot               |
| 6. <i>a)</i> to play      | <i>b)</i> playing       | <i>c)</i> play        | <i>d)</i> to playing          |
| 7. <i>a)</i> from         | <i>b)</i> until         | <i>c)</i> after       | <i>d)</i> since               |
| 8. <i>a)</i> go back      | <i>b)</i> come again    | <i>c)</i> go again    | <i>d)</i> turn back           |
| 9. <i>a)</i> what         | <i>b)</i> what          | <i>c)</i> where       | <i>d)</i> which               |
| 10. <i>a)</i> will not be | <i>b)</i> is being      | <i>c)</i> will be not | <i>d)</i> is not going be     |

La solució correcta està destacada en lletra negra.

2. Encercleu la lletra de l'opció correcta entre les tres proposades per a respondre a la frase que les precedeix.

[2 punts: 0,4 punts per cada resposta correcta]

Exemple:

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 0. I don't like this food.<br>a) How nice of you!<br><b>b) You're right, it's not good.</b><br>c) See you later!      | 3. These trousers are lovely...<br>a) <b>Where did you buy them?</b><br>b) When did you buy it?<br>c) but they aren't nice. |
| 1. We would like a table for two.<br>a) I don't agree, sir.<br>b) Really? How come?<br>c) <b>Have you booked sir?</b> | 4. My job is very interesting.<br>a) Neither is mine.<br>b) Mine not.<br>c) <b>So is mine.</b>                              |
| 2. (On the phone) Is John there please?<br>a) <b>Sorry, wrong number.</b><br>b) Yes, she is.<br>c) She isn't there.   | 5. Have a lovely holiday!<br>a) <b>Thanks, we'll try to!</b><br>b) Thanks, congratulations!<br>c) You're welcome!           |

La solució correcta està destacada en lletra negra.

3. Llegiu aquest text i encerleu la lletra de la resposta correcta entre les tres proposades. Baseu les vostres respostes en el contingut del text.

[2 punts: 0,4 punts per cada resposta correcta]

The average person could walk over 100,000 miles in their lifetime; the equivalent to walking around the world four times! Looking after one's feet and choosing the shoes we wear is extremely important. Unfortunately, shoes don't last forever and will need replacing from time to time.

There's a debate about how frequently sports shoes should be replaced. Evidently, for many runners, shoes play a very important part in both their performance and their physical health. Running shoes are essential to support the joints<sup>1</sup> of the feet, knees and hips. Consequently, people who run every day should buy new running shoes frequently and usually do so every 3 to 6 months.

Work shoes are the ones people wear most frequently. You can't work well if your feet are not comfortable, especially if you have to stand up for many hours. Apart from this, if your shoes don't look right, you will not give a good impression. As a consequence, you should replace them when they start to look old or tatty<sup>2</sup>.

—Slippers<sup>3</sup> are the shoes that we wear the longest because when we get accustomed to them we don't want to change them. However, after some time they will get too big for your feet and you will have to buy a new pair if you don't want to have an accident.

In any case, it is important that you buy your shoes from a professional store to ensure they are good quality. You only have one pair of feet.

1. *joints*: articulacions

2. *tatty*: fets malbé

3. *Slippers*: sabatilles

Exemple:

0. 100,000 miles...
- a) are walked by all people during their lifetime.
  - b) is what most people will approximately walk during their lifetime.**
  - c) is what most sports people walk in their lifetime.
1. Some people are capable of walking...
- a) in the same shoes forever.
  - b) a big distance during their lives.**
  - c) 100,000 miles multiplied by four during their lives.
2. According to the text...
- a) everybody agrees on how frequently shoes should be replaced.
  - b) there are different opinions about the frequency of replacing your shoes.**
  - c) Shoes don't need to be replaced.
3. Runners...
- a) need to buy new running shoes quite often.**
  - b) need to play to have healthy feet.
  - c) are not affected by the quality of their shoes.
4. Which of the following statements is true?
- a) The shoes we wear at work are the ones we normally keep for a longer time.
  - b) We normally don't want to change the footwear we use at home.**
  - c) We shouldn't change our shoes to give a good impression.
5. The author of the text believes that...
- a) only running shoes should be obtained from a professional shop.
  - b) the price you pay for a pair of shoes is the most important factor.
  - c) the quality of your shoes is vitally important.**

4. Contesteu **breument** les preguntes següents:

[2 punts: 1 punt per cada resposta correcta]

- a) Are shoes important to you? Why? / Why not?

**Shoes are important to me because I do sport very often / I work in a shop and...**

**Shoes are not important to me because I don't care about my feet / I feel comfortable with just any pair of shoes...**

- b) What is more important to you: to wear comfortable shoes or to wear elegant shoes?

**In my opinion / I think that...**

**to wear comfortable shoes is more important than to wear elegant shoes because feet are very important for your health. If you wear uncomfortable shoes your feet may hurt and get injured.**

**To wear elegant shoes is more important because if you don't look smart, this is not good for your image / you don't give a good impression. In addition, a lot of comfortable shoes are not elegant.**

